



SAVSNET: near real-time wide scale companion animal antimicrobial prescription surveillance, benchmarking and stewardship



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Herd level antimicrobial consumption in animals Collect | Analyze | Benchmark | Communicate



Companion animal surveillance: UK

Companion animal veterinary industry largely composed of independent practices and diagnostic laboratories

Many Practice and Laboratory Information Management Systems

Previously limited surveillance to small groups of veterinary practices

Recent advances are changing this





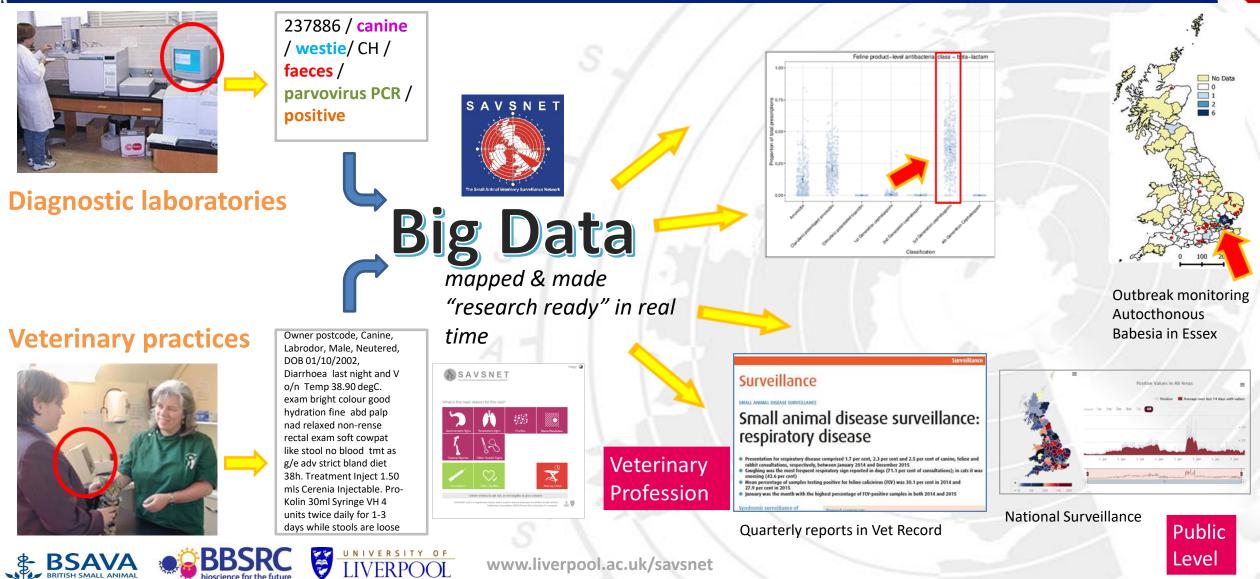






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BRITISH SMALL ANIMAL

bioscience for the future

Antibiotic monitoring

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Original article

Patterns of antimicrobial agent prescription in a sentinel population of canine and feline veterinary practices in the United Kingdom

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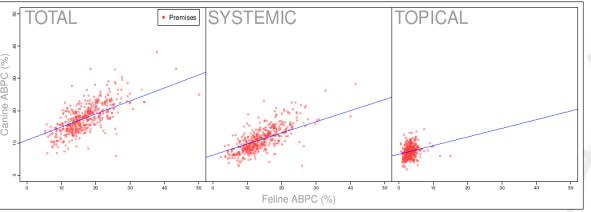
918,333 canine EHRs: (413,870 dogs)

352,730 feline EHRs: (200,541 cats)

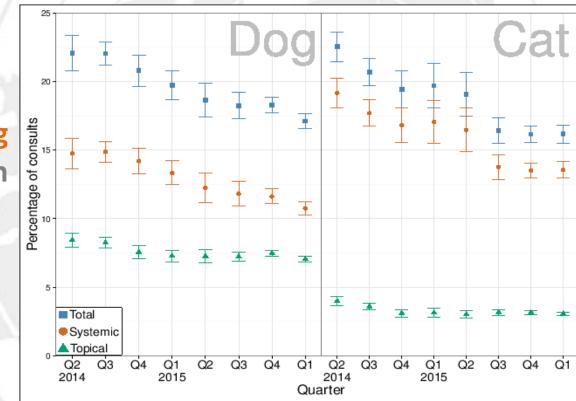
>1.7M prescription events



Findings in a nutshell



Premises which prescribe antibiotics commonly to dogs also prescribe commonly to cats



Evidence of significant decreasing trend in antibiotic prescription

Highest priority critically important antibiotics

Wider context



Antibiotics are the third most commonly prescribed pharmaceutical family

Antibiotics often prescribed at the same time ('co-prescribed') as anti-inflammatories

- Implications for efficacy assessment

Antibiotic prescription less diverse in rabbits than cats or dogs

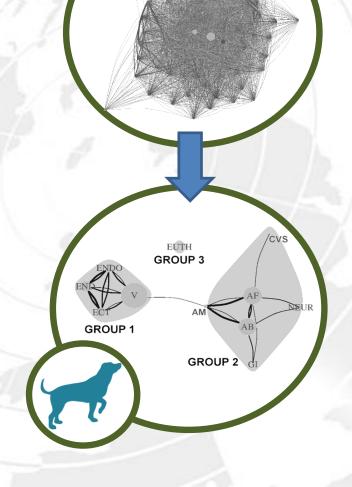
Paper under review







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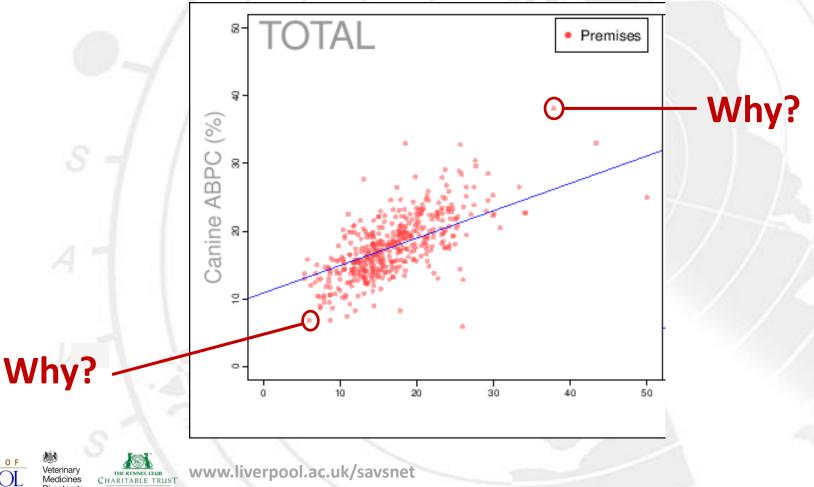


From big data to bigger data

Decision to prescribe antibiotics NOT based on probability of antibioticresponsive disease alone

Need to explore multiple data sources

NIVERSITY OF





Animal and owner-level associations

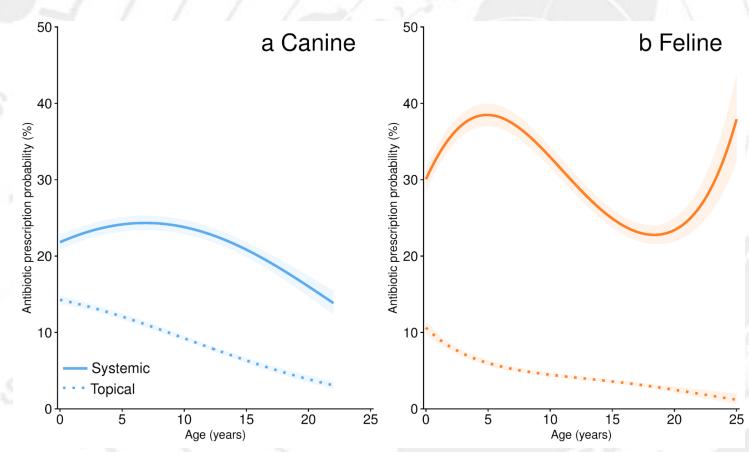
Presented for investigation of unwell clinical signs (~280,000 canine, ~110,000 feline EHRs)

Respiratory clinical signs = greatest systemic antibiotic prescription odds

Vaccinated and insured animals at reduced systemic antibiotic prescription odds

Breed-based odds variation in dogs

Sex-based odds variation in cats





Practice-level associations



173 practices in England, Scotland and Wales: All animals regardless of reason for presentation



Royal College of Veterinary Surgeons (RCVS) accredited practices

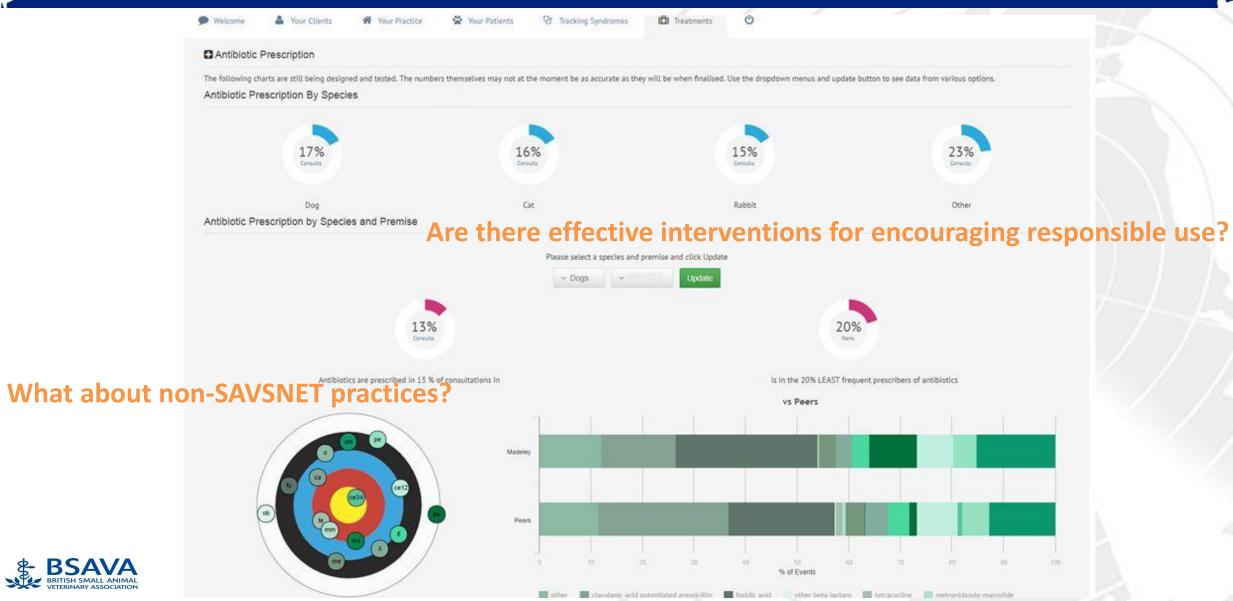
RCVS 'Advanced Veterinary Practitioner' (AVP) employing practices

Practices with a greater proportion of vaccinated; insured, or microchipped animals

Practices with a greater proportion of unhealthy consultations



Benchmark antibiotics





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SMALL ANIMAL VETERINARY SURVEILLANCE NETWORK (SAVSNET)

Small Animal Veterinary Surveillance Network (SAVSNET)

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Take a fresh look at your antibiotic prescription with mySavsnet AMR!

This site is aimed at those working in veterinary practice in the UK. It descrit how practices can send data to researchers at the University of Liverpool to receive a free benchmark, comparing their antibiotic prescription to other anonymised practices across the country. Data can be from an individual practitioner, a practice site or the whole practice. Multiple data sets can also sent to see how prescription changes over time. All that matters is you have permission to access and send the data. These anonymised data will also be used by us as part of ongoing research to understand antibiotic prescription

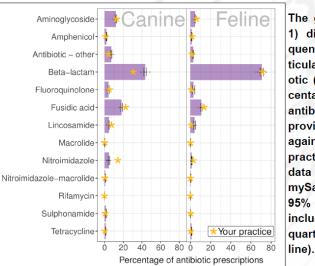
liverpool.ac.uk/savsnet/my-savsnet-amr



Which antibiotics do you prescribe?

A-Z

🔍 Sign in

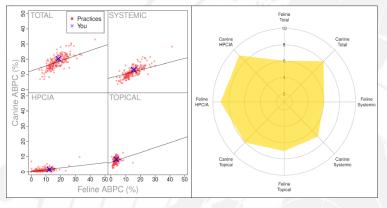


mySavsnet AMR



The Small Animal Veterinary Surveillance Network Antibiotic Prescription Tracker

How frequently do you prescribe antibiotics?



The graph above left displays the percentage of canine and feline consultations where at least one antibiotic was prescribed (ABPC) by your practice (blue cross), compared with every other practice that has submitted data (red points). We have summarised antibiotics prescribed based on route of administration (systemic, topical) and 1) di 'HPCIA', otherwise known as 'highest priority critically important antibiotics'. If you would like to know more about HPCIAs please refer to the box below.

ticular broad classes of antibiotic (yellow asterisk) as a percentage of the total number of antibiotic prescriptions you provided to us, compared against the whole population of practices that have submitted data to SAVSNET or mySavsnet AMR (purple bars). 95% confidence intervals are included, as is the interquartile range (1st-3rd, dotted line).

Implications for stewardship

Assumption: Providing ability to self-reflect on prescribing practices can stimulate a drive towards effective antibiotic stewardship

Benchmarking beyond antibiotic prescription is necessary – intelligent stewardship

The future: AMR surveillance and benchmarking









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SAVSNET Team

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